

KELLY AFB TEXAS

ADMINISTRATIVE RECORD COVER SHEET

AR File Number 3249.1

KELLY RESTORATION ADVISORY BOARD

October 10th, 2006, 6:30 p.m.

Port Authority of San Antonio

143 Billy Mitchell Blvd., Bldg. 43, Suite 6

San Antonio, Texas 78226

APPEARANCES

RAB Community Member Attendees: Rodrigo Garcia Nazirite Perez

RAB Government Member Attendees:
Adam Antwine, Installation Cochair
Sal Aguinaga, Port Authority of San Antonio
Kyle Cunningham, San Antonio Metropolitan Health District
(SAMHD) (Alternate for Melanie Ritsema)
Gary Miller, Environmental Protection Agency (EPA)
Mark Weegar, Texas Commission on Environmental Quality
(TCEQ)

AFRPA Staff:

Summer Allen, Air Force Real Property Agency (AFRPA)
Leslie Brown, AFRPA
Don Buelter, AFRPA
Sonja Coderre, AFRPA
Todd Colburn, AFRPA Contractor
Jose Martinez, Facilitator

AFRPA Partner Agencies:
Alan Ferrell, SAMHD
Greg Lyssy, EPA (Alternate for Gary Miller)
Abigail Power, TCEQ (alternate for Mark Weegar)

Elected Officials: David Rodrigues, Office of U.S. Rep. Charles A. Gonzalez

Public Participants: Esmeralda Galvan Juan Gonzalez Robert Silvas

Page 2 (Proceedings began at 6:31 p.m.) MR. MARTINEZ: Good evening. My name is Jose Martinez and I've been asked to facilitate the RAB meeting for October 10th for the former Kelly Air Force Base. have a lengthy agenda so I am getting familiar with these agendas. There are no brief agendas. There's a lot to discuss. So I would like to proceed with the introduction section that you have in your packets. The first item on the agenda as usual is the 10 Pledge of Allegiance so if I may ask everyone to stand and 11 recite in unison. 12 (Pledge of Allegiance was said.) 13 MR. MARTINEZ: Thank you. As is also custom 14 with the RAB board, the next item of the agenda is a 15 moment of silence. 16 (A moment of silence was observed.) 17 MR. MARTINEZ: Thank you. I would like to 18 take the opportunity in case there's a member of the 19 audience -- I see possibly one member of the general 20 public in the audience in addition possibly the two police 21 officers -- to indicate the purpose of the RAB, the 22 Restoration Advisory Board and the purpose of the program overall. 23 24 All the staff that is represented here this 25 evening is here for one purpose. And the purpose -- I

Fores Base Our Coat of Scorpensions the Ularra to Page 3 would simply like to recitable read . Two will wo sentences from a little cuidetthat II bloked up at the office that I believe all of you have seen a community resource guide. for the former Kelly Air Forme Base. When y in a commer the many in the commer the comme And the two sentences are as follows: The Air Force Real Property Agency; which is the agency represented by staff this evening, oversees the environmental clean-up activities at the former Kelly Air Force Base: Cur qual is movelenglete the clean-up actions 10 needed to protect human health and the environment and to 11 transfer the property for rease. 1.2 That is simply the sole purpose of the 13 organization and the staff and the advisory board meeting 14 this evening. 15 'I'd like to also suggest as I did last time 16 communications guidelines. And I will simply read to you 17 one section of the RAB Charter Guiding Principles, section 18 This is in dealing with communications between RAB 19 members and the participation at the RAB meeting. 20 And it reads as follows: Communicate in an open, 21 civil, organized focus and effective manner. 22 This is very important. I understand that as a :23 result of the nature of this project, there could be some 24 issues that need to be discussed in earnest, but I 25 respectfully ask as I did last time that we conduct all

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Page 4 discussions in a civil manner. The next item on the agenda is the role call. will call the role and then I will explain briefly followed by possibly some comments that Mr. Antwine would like to make or comments that you would like to address to Mr. Antwine and he will be more than glad to respond to. The role call of members that have been determined to be eligible as a result of the May 12th final RAB rule as published in the Federal Register are 10 Mr. Garcia. 11 MR. GARCIA: Here. 12 MR. MARTINEZ: Present. Thank you. 13 Gonzalez. (Not present.) 14 MR. MARTINEZ: And Mr. Perez. 15 MR. PEREZ: Here. 16 MR. MARTINEZ: Thank you. Now for the purpose 17 of the rest of us, or the mest of you that may not be totally familiar, again, I repeat that as of May 12th, the 19 Department of Defense issued a final RAB rule. For the 20 past couple of years, approximately, the entire Air Force 21 or military, Department of Defense -- excuse me, let me finish -- have been operating under draft RAB regulations. They have finally been adopted as of May 23 24 12th of this year. 25 Last month, in September 12th, the staff and the

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RAB conducted a special meeting on September 12th in this same very room totally dedicated to the purpose of explaining those final RAB -- that final RAB rule of May 12th.

At that meeting, the staff provided the current RAB members an eligibility form to document their indication of their eligibility to continue serving as members of this RAB. There was a deadline of September 29th. That deadline passed and I believe that there were four members of the RAB that submitted an eligibility form.

Based on that information, in that eligibility form and the interpretation of the final RAB rule dated May 12th of this year, it was determined that Mr. Garcia, Mr. Gonzalez and Mr. Perez were the individuals that were eligible to continue serving as members of the RAB.

The week after, on October 3rd, there was a letter that was submitted or mailed out to the RAB members indicating the findings by staff of the eligibility of the RAB members. And then that same week, on October 6th I believe, a member of the staff contacted each and every member of the RAB by telephone and spoke to a great number of them. Not all the members responded to that request for another opportunity to submit the eligibility form. So this evening is the fourth opportunity for members of

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Paqe 6 the RAB that wish to submit documentation indicating or proving their eligibility to adequately submit that information. So I'd like to ask if any member of the RAB that has been deemed ineligible, if you have additional documentation for you to submit it to the staff for evaluation. Did you have such documentation, sir? First of all, did you get an MR. SILVAS: updated version of that list that you're reading off? 11 Yes, sir, I did. MR. MARTINEZ: 12 MR. SILVAS: Well, I did submit one and it was 13 faxed in. 14 MR. MARTINEZ: Yes. My understanding that there was an issue that -- pertaining to an area or 16 property ownership. 17 MR. SILVAS: It's in the zip code of an .18 affected area 237. 19 MS. CODERRE: And we did receive your fax, Mr. 20 Unfortunately, the document that you provided us proved that the property was registered to a person not 22 you. 23 MR. SILVAS: No, it's my wife's deceased 24 mother who lived in that neighborhood. And I can bring 25 you the death certificate to prove that she is no longer

living and the birth certificate of the wife. I knew that would be a problem today. Secondly, who --

MS. CODERRE: If I may just address that issue, I understand that you are saying that that is from your deceased mother-in-law and it's her name that's on the property. The question was about individual RAB members providing documentation of their individual eligibility.

So the determination that we made when we looked at these forms was that the property needs to be in your name in order for you to be eligible. If you go back and look at the criteria that we made out, it is a member that either lives or works within the boundaries of the affected area that were defined by this RAB or are affected by, and one of the affected by criteria was a current landowner.

And because it's not your name on the property record, your eligibility -- you were considered ineligible.

MR. SILVAS: You're splitting hairs there because, again, if a spouse has property, that's joint properties. And you can split hairs all day long about the legality of how you're going to define that.

And what I want to know, who finally signed off on the charter RAB rules? Who finalized that?

Page 8 MS. CODERRE: Who signed the final rule? MR. SILVAS: Yes, the new updated version. MS. CODERRE: The final rule was published in the Federal Register on May 12th as Mr. Martinez just indicated and --MR. ANTWINE: I don't think there's a signature per se. It's not so much a signature, MS. CODERRE: but it is signed as such by Mark E. Matthews, Deputy 10 Commissioner for Services and Enforcement and I believe that's -- well, I don't know. That's what it says here. 12 Oh, please let me correct the record. I apologize. 13 looking at the wrong sheet. 14 It was signed by L.M. Bynum, OSD. That stands for Office of Secretary of Defense, Federal Register Liaison Officer, Department of Defense. 16 17 MR. SILVAS: And additionally, the letters 18 that went out to each member, were they included in the 19 packet today? 20 MS. CODERRE: They were not included in the 21 packet today. 22 MR. SILVAS: Is there a reason for that? 23 MR. ANTWINE: The letter that went out for 24 them? 25 MS. CODERRE: To each individual RAB member.

- There was a reason for that. We made multiple copies of
- the packet to ensure that we would have enough copies for
- the public. And because we can't release personal,
- identifying information to the public, they were not
- included in here. And I regret that.
- If you need copies, we can distribute them among
- only RAB members, but I didn't want them to get mixed in
- 8 the packets that were --
- MR. SILVAS: Well, how can that -- how can
- this be an item on this agenda if it's not included in the
- 11 packet?
- MS. CODERRE: I'm sorry. I'm confused.
- MR. SILVAS: You have a packet here for this
- evening today which is supposed to include -- right here
- 15 it says we're to discuss the issue of members that are
- eligible.
- MS. CODERRE: Well, we were going through the
- 18 role call and the explanation of why certain members were
- not called during role call we felt was in order.
- MR. SILVAS: Well, you can't have a packet
- that's excluded items that are to be discussed that are as
- important as this to bring members' status of eligibility
- without including it in the packet.
- MR. MARTINEZ: Mr. Silvas, I think the offer
- by staff is to discuss -- allow each member of the RAB

- that has been determined to be ineligible to discuss the
- 2 issue individually with the staff. So if you have an
- issue with your designation as being ineligible, the staff
- is here ready, willing and able to respond to those.
- MR. SILVAS: Well, I got their response and
- 6 I'm sure I know where that's going to go. Next of all, I
- want to include that gentleman that you mentioned, the
- fourth gentleman, Daniel.
- 9 MS. CODERRE: Gonzalez.
- MR. MARTINEZ: Gonzalez.
- MR. SILVAS: Gonzalez is not here today and
- hasn't been present for more than three RABs. And so his
- 13 eligibility is null and void also. I'd like that for the
- 14 record.
- MS. CODERRE: Well, technically if I may, a
- point of order, the charter used to require. It was one
- of the things we covered under the last meeting when we
- went through. In the original wording of the charter, if
- a member had missed that many meetings, their seat was
- 20 deemed vacated.
- When the charter was revised, the addendum
- required the body to take action before that could
- happen.
- MR. SILVAS: Okay. All right, So as far as
- 25 my status of ineligibility, I'll have to correct that.

- Because again, you're saying that because it's not in my
- name, yet it's property of my wife's which is property of
- myself, too, it's not sufficient enough for being
- 4 eligible.
- MS. CODERRE: Your name must be on the
- 6 property record for you to be recognized as a property
- 7 owner.
- MR. SILVAS: Well, I'm mistaken. Would vou
- 9 provide that in record -- in writing, please.
- MS. CODERRE: It's part of the record now.
- MR. SILVAS: Well, I want to get it written on
- the document that you're referring to.
- MR. PEREZ: Can I refer to something so we can
- get the ball rolling in the proper manner? He's
- 15 referring -- I believe that he's referring to Texas law.
- According to Texas law, he's right. And of course you're
- referring to federal law.
- MS. CODERRE: No.
- MR. PEREZ: No?
- MS. CODERRE: No. I'm not a lawyer. I'm not
- going to make a decision or make a call on the law. What
- 22 I'm saying is that when we looked at this -- the final
- rule and when we talked about it, one of the criteria that
- is laid forth is to be a property owner. If your name is
- not on the property record, you're not an owner of that

property.

When we -- when we addressed this issue last month, several of you immediately held up your driver's licenses and asked us to go -- to make and we talked about CPS bills, whatever it is that proved that you are living and/or working if you wanted to have your -- your employer provide a letter saying yes, you work at this address, those were the things that we asked to provide proof of eligibility.

So a document with some other person's name on it only proves that that other person is eligible. It does not prove that Mr. Silvas is eligible.

MR. PEREZ: Okay. I'm not a lawyer either.

But I did take paralegal class for the State of Texas and I passed. I'm licensed and forth and so on. And according to Texas law, a person is supposed to be recognized and I believe that we need to talk to somebody higher up so this can be cleared.

MS. BROWN: My name is Leslie Brown and I'm an attorney for the Air Force Real Property Agency and Texas is a community property state; however, it depends on Mr. Silvas' deceased mother-in-law's will. If she willed property to him and his wife, then he will be placed on the property and record and he can use that.

However, she may have willed it to his wife as

her separate property, which is allowed in Texas.

MR. PEREZ: Okay. I guess I need to check.

MR. GARCIA: Well, I want to see it cleared

4 up. I want you to discuss it with them because if he and

his wife inherited the property, they're married. And if

they inherited the property, he becomes part of the

property right of issue also.

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Now, if it hasn't been put in his and his wife's name yet, do you realize how long it takes to get a will probated, how long it has to go through -- it took me two years to get all of my father's property and his assets changed over to my name because I was the sole executor and inheritor. It took me two years to get through all that legal paperwork.

And you need to have some consideration for him because if he's tied up in probate and all this other stuff, it takes a long time to solve all of this. And I want to -- and he's a valuable part of this board and if it takes him some time to figure this out and use that address and do all the probate and get all this paper changed in his name -- go through -- even Bexar Appraisal District, it took me almost eight months to get all those properties changed to my name going through Bexar County.

First I had to go through probate and all that other stuff and then finally go to Bexar Appraisal

- District and it took me six to eight months to change all
- the property to my name. So you may have him on a
- technicality, but if he's telling the truth and he's
- working on getting it taken care of, we need to take that
- into account and realize that it's going to take some
- 6 time.

She can verify how long probate takes to get

- property changed over. If they're going through the Bexar
- Appraisal District and the taxing agency and everything to
- get property changed over. So if he's working in good
- faith, I would recommend that we work with him and clarify
- his eligibility over the next six or eight months,
- whatever time it takes because I got stuck in that
- bureaucratic red tape that I'm talking about through the
- probate, through the law and then changing everything to
- the names and through the -- you know, and then dealing
- with the Texas property rights laws and changing the
- property over and turning in the death certificates and
- filling out all the forms. It took me almost a
- year-and-a-half to two years to get my father's assets
- changed in my name.
- So if it's taking -- I recommend that you work
- with him in good faith and get him on this board and he
- will provide you the information and we will provide you
- the deed to that property with his name and his wife's

name on it, but you-all need to work with him and because

- he's vital -- a vital function of this board.
- And the way I see it, unless you and Adam bring
- in more community members to all these meetings and
- publicize it more, then we don't have enough people to
- 6 pick and choose from an audience of people and ask them in
- a meeting how many of you want to sit on this board. But
- 8 until we start bringing in more people, we're going to
- have to work with what we have.

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And I recommend that you work with him to settle

this issue through the courts and through all the things I

talked to you about. You know about all of this. She's a

lawyer. She knows about all this and you work with him

and in good faith and serve on and continue to serve

because he's a vital function of this board.

Because until you clarify all of this and until

we can work together, and see that he brings in more

people to these meetings and more public participation at

this meeting and start having it in a public place like

the high school or the junior high school, where we can

invite more people to a public facility like the schools

and stuff, we need to have -- keep whatever members we

have because we have a lot of work to do and we need to

start working together.

MR. MARTINEZ: Mr. Garcia, if I may, I know

the staff will double over backwards in trying to work

with Mr. Silvas. The issue that they have explained

obviously you wish to discuss with them and it's something

that I know that you will discuss with them over the next

few days and we encourage you to do that.

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If I may, I'd like to proceed with the rest of the packet, the agenda. I'd like to review the agenda and review the packet at the same time.

MR. SILVAS: Excuse me. To continue, we had another member arrive and would you --

MR. MARTINEZ: Thank you. Yes. I apologize.

Is there another member of the RAB that would like to discuss her eligibility or ineligibility?

MS. GALVAN: Well, I was just given a letter and I just opened the letter a little late. And I was kind of surprised that after serving so many years I was ousted by this rule -- ruling which was not -- was never discussed before and suddenly I get a letter saying that I'm no longer to serve on this board.

And I don't understand because I've lived in the community 40 years and several of my family — immediately family members have, you know, gotten cancer. Different types, no family history. And I'm here to represent anyone and everyone, family, friends, that are affected by this plume that still lies underneath these 20,000 homes.

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Page 17
                 MR. MARTINEZ: Could I ask you what was the
     reason you were deemed ineligible?
                 MS. GALVAN:
                              I did not.
                                The letter, what was the
                 MR. MARTINEZ:
     specific issue or reason?
                 MS. GALVAN:
                              It said that I no longer live in
                I no longer own property. I no longer have a
     the area.
     spouse that works in this area. And I find it very
     interesting that someone would go all the way into my
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     personal life to find all those details out.
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                                I think that the staff got the
                 MR. MARTINEZ:
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                               Maybe I'm going beyond my
     information -- excuse me.
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     role. But you were asked to submit an eligibility form
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     and if you did not submit an eligibility form by the 29th
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     of September, then it went by the information that was on
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     record.
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                 MS. GALVAN: Yes, sir. I was not present at
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     the last meeting so --
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                 MR. MARTINEZ:
                               Right.
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                              -- I was not told.
                 MS. GALVAN:
                 MR. MARTINEZ: It was totally devoted to this
     topic.
                 MS. CODERRE: And the packets were mailed out
     the day after the meeting with all of the information.
                 MS. GALVAN: I have not read my mail. Sorry.
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MS. CODERRE: Well, the information was contained in the packet. We make it our practice that after a RAB meeting or subcommittee meeting, whatever, that those members and alternates that aren't here, the next day they're mailed a complete packet of the agenda and those items that were handed out. So I regret that you were not aware. Well, I did not read my mail so MS. GALVAN: that probably was done. MS. CODERRE: We did send the letters out: Mr. Martinez indicated the letters were sent out on the 3rd of October. You were one of the few people that we were unable to reach by telephone. Mr. Colburn made phone calls on Friday so that this kind of situation wouldn't happen. And so we regret deeply that the first you heard of this was in writing.

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MS. GALVAN: That's fine. I mean if my services are not needed --

MR. SILVAS: I would again like to reiterate what Rodrigo said about keeping the members currently here trying to speak on behalf of the community. And I think the facilitator was asking what do you have today as far as to reverberate or speak about why you think you should be continuing on the board. I think that's something that we would like to hear.

MS. GALVAN: I -- I am still very interested 2 in getting the clean-up done and not letting the natural attenuation do it. I'd still like to speak for the community, which at many times cannot come and speak for themselves because many are becoming ill and dying of cancer, continuously as we talk, workers from Kelly, ex Kelly workers are still dying. MR. MARTINEZ: The issue if I may remind everyone, the RAB members and the other members of the 10 audience, is that staff has no ability to change the final 11 Department of Defense final RAB rule. They have to follow 12 that. All RABs across the nation --13 MS. GALVAN: I understand. 14 MR. MARTINEZ: -- at all former military bases 15 have to follow the same rule so it is being applied 16 equally across the nation. 17 MS. GALVAN: I understand. I just finished --18 I'm not through, sir. 19 MR. MARTINEZ: | I'm sorry. Go ahead. .20 MS. GALVAN: I just finished filling out some of the comment cards and at the present time I am going to 22 be moving back into the area. So if there would be a 23 rule, maybe an addendum or some kind of -- something put 24 on that rule whereas I can temporarily be out but I will come -- I would like to come back to the RAB.

Page 20 MR. MARTINEZ: There's going to be a process MS. GALVAN: If I live in the area, then I'm going to be part of the community. MR. MARTINEZ: Mr. Antwine is going to summarize the process for adding of some of the vacant seats on the RAB in a few minutes and he will address that in a few moments. MS. GALVAN: But if not, I can always speak as 10 a community person. 11 MR. MARTINEZ: Of course. 12 MS. GALVAN: Especially --.13 MR. MARTINEZ: It's always a public meeting. 14 MS. GALVAN: Right now I'm presently living 15 off and on into the south side so I will be able to --16 MR. MARTINEZ: But do you understand, if I may 17 ask you, the reason why it was --18 MS. GALVAN: You have to follow rules. 19 MR. MARTINEZ: Reading black and white, the 20 rule says X, Y, Z and you did not satisfy that -- either 21 the X or the Y. 22 MS. GALVAN: Oh, that's fine. But, you know, 23. it's funny how you just get a letter whereas ex RAB 24 members that have been on this board member have gotten 25 some kind of recognition for serving and this is the way

I'm going to be recognized, by a letter? MR. MARTINEZ: No. No. This is simply the fourth opportunity afforded to RAB members that have been deemed to be ineligible to indicate why you feel you are eligible. It does not mean that you are not going to be recognized for the years of service. MS. GALVAN: Okay. MR. MARTINEZ: That has yet to come. MS. GALVAN: That's fine. 10 MR. SILVAS: I got a question. Even though 11 these RABs are finalized in writing on paper, don't the 12 members now have means to 13 Ms. Galvan, you don't have to MS. CODERRE: 1.4 leave the table. Please feel welcome. 15 MS. GALVAN: (Inaudible). 16 MR. MARTINEZ: Ma'am, part of the reason we 17 wanted to hold this meeting in this manner tonight was 18 because we did not want it to feel as though members were 19 all of a sudden being shoved away from the table. 20 MS. GALVAN: That's the way it feels. 21 MS. CODERRE: And I understand. And that is 22 also part of the reason why we didn't want to come here 23 tonight prepared with a thank you letter or certificate of 24 appreciation which could be taken the completely wrong way **2**5 considering that there are still questions about

Page 22 eligibility or future eligibility. We did not want this to be a contentious moment or feel that you do not still have a voice. MS. GALVAN: Well, I was going to write to my congressman and my senator and tell them how I feel right now. MS. CODERRE: I understand that. MS. GALVAN: I think I have every right to feel this way because, you know, if --10 MS. CODERRE: And you did touch on something 11 that --12 MS. GALVAN: I've been serving -- I have not 13 been absent except the last couple of times. 14 MS. CODERRE: And you touched on something in 15 your comments about your continued involvement 16 regardless. And I would like to point that out to all of 17 the people that are here this evening. Just because 18 you're not eligible to sit at the table for future RAB 19 meetings does not mean your participation isn't valued as 20 a member of the public. 21 MS. GALVAN: Thank you. 22 MS. CODERRE: We encourage and we will be 23 happy to keep people on our mailing list so that you get 24 agendas and items as they come out. We will continue to 25

make those -- those efforts so that you can stay engaged

- in a process we know you feel seriously about.
- We're not saying leave. We're just saying the
- 3 roles need to be changed just a little bit because the
- 4 rules have changed.
- MS. GALVAN: I wasn't going to leave. I will
- 6 be present.
- MS. CODERRE: Thank you.
- MS. GALVAN: I was just going to go by myself
- 9 back here.
- MR. PEREZ: You know what? You know what?
- Really, truly I'm going to write the president about
- 12 this. Really.
- MS. GALVAN: | Well, see, I already talked to a
- congressman and we're working on a way to get more public
- to come and get involved. I think this idea that I have
- and maybe we can get someone to fund it, some foundation
- can help us fund it, it will help the public realize
- what's happening here at Kelly Air Force Base. And it
- will be a type of thing that will be permanent where
- everyone will know what happened here.
- This will be part of the history of San Antonio.
- Everything that we've done, everything that we haven't
- done, will be recorded.
- MR. SILVAS: I'd like to continue on what I
- was about to speak of and that's all of these rules are

written and finalized, there must be a way for the committee to amend those rules to where participation can

be taken in part. Like we know most of these members and

the Air Force knew ahead of time who was eligible or not.

Participation is, you know, next to nothing.

However, you know, how is this committee going to continue to operate unless they have these other members continue on until they have support from the community that showed up from the affected area, which we know is a problem. The idea behind this RAB rule is obvious from the get-go that the people that were kept off because they have had no direct link unless they had work experience, you know, on the property for over better part of their life or lived there formerly kept those voices out by

fixings the rules to bend in their favor. And at that, it's really disappointing seeing

here what's going on. And we may have lost this battle 18 here, but it's far from over. It's way far from over.

19 I'll let you-all know for a fact, you know, that I'm not

going to give up. You know. This is -- this isn't --

21 this isn't going to be over.

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So with that in mind, I just want Adam to comment on what he thinks about having the members taken off that can't serve, why not have them stay on until they get more community support by amending the rules. Is that

possible?

became clear.

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Well, if you're talking about MR. ANTWINE: amending the rules as in the rules that are published, you know, once those are published I don't think any of us will have the ability to change those rules. Now whether those rules are interpreted as treating some members of the existing body differently because of where they sit in terms of eligibility, that's something that I think, you 9 know, once we notified folks, I think -- and when you think about -- once we notified folks that obviously

The affected area was defined by the RAB. And if you go back, if you really have a history with this RAB, what you will recall is that the original reason that the affected area was developed because -- was because of the influences of folks outside of the Kelly area had.

And that was one of the reasons that this affected area map was developed because you had influences from people who really had never lived here, who might have lived in another city. And you came to the Air Force and said look, we want to limit the participation on this board to people that truly live within a boundary, those that are affected by the plume or potentially impacted by groundwater contamination and that was what the RAB agreed upon.

And it's unfortunate that now that same — that same request by community members to keep those out who really had no affect or who were not affected are now being affected in a way that, you know, maybe it wasn't originally intended. And that's unfortunate.

But, you know, the rules are what the rules are.

And the reason I want to -- way I want to go from there is the fact that you were also sent a letter that says please helps us develop a panel of folks who can truly nominate RAB members from the affected area. Okay? We -- you also got a letter, and I don't have the date here in front of me, but it was probably sent out before the eligibility letter was sent that said, you know, we're soliciting your support as current RAB members.

We regret the fact that maybe you fall on the ineligible side of this line, but we still are soliciting your support to develop what will truly be folks that are affected and can contribute to the progress, you know, that we've already made so far and continue that.

And, you know, I know that this affects some people differently than others. Many of you did live here and did work here. But the rules that, you know, we fought so much for and that many of you on this board said, you know, we've got to go by the rules and when are the new rules coming out, those rules are out and I'm

afraid that some of those rules, you know, are affecting some of the folks here in the negative way.

MS. GALVAN: Not really because I'm moving back to the area so I don't look at it as a negative way.

MR. ANTWINE: We were soliciting your support for panel members. Those panel members are going to convene and develop the criteria for how future RAB members will be nominated for this board.

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We're planning to do that probably within the next 30 days to convene a panel of folks that we've gone out to -- to the school districts, to council, to the regulatory agencies to nominate members of the community that can recommend to us a group of folks that live within the affected area, work within the affected area, that own property within the affected area and whatever other criteria they come up with, that we -- you know, we want to or that the panel wants to determine is a -- is a good criteria, we're going to consider that and ask them to commit.

We may not get any recommendations. If we don't get recommendations, we're going to be looking for other ways to -- to keep this board alive.

MR. SILVAS: I'd like to comment on what you just said a minute ago. I asked you about the final RAB rules and if they were written in stone and you're saying

Page 28 yes and now you're commenting on a review committee that will be grouped together to consider a way to get eligibility to where they work or have property and to focus on how to get people on this advisory board. And so they're going to take that and you're going to use that to draw people to this board. MR. ANTWINE: Right. So again, if they say we want MR. SILVAS: people who have worked there for the last ten years plus, 10 they're going to be considered or not? 11 MS. CODERRE: 12 MR. ANTWINE: Well, they've got to meet the 13 basic eligibility criteria. 14 MR. SILVAS: From the charter RAB? 15 MR. ANTWINE: Yeah. No, from the RAB rules. 16 The charter doesn't define the eligibility; the RAB rule 17 does. 18 MR. SILVAS: Right. 19 Of course the charter, you know, MR. ANTWINE: 20 is something we're going to have to probably take a look 21 at at some point once the board is established. But 22 they're going to have to meet that minimum criteria. And what I'm saying is if there's other things like people who 23 24 are familiar with Kelly or people who have worked here,

those might also be desirable things, but they're going to

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have to meet those minimal eligibility requirement that

are in the rule to start with.

MR. SILVAS: Right now the charter has

basically nothing to do with people getting elected or put

on this board.

MR. ANTWINE: The charter?

MS. CODERRE: Right. If I may --

MR. ANTWINE: No, this rule affects the

charter in the way we get people on the board. It sort of

overrides the charter in that sense in that we've got to

comply with it.

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MS. CODERRE: If you remember the discussion we had at the special RAB on the 12th of September and gave it to you for the first time, Ms. Galvan, the final rule conflicted with the Kelly RAB charter in two areas,

the name of the Kelly RAB being the former whatever.

And the two areas, number one, were eligibility.

Well, it turns out the wording on the original charter,

which talked about living and owning property and such,

the addendum changed the language to allow folks that

weren't from the affected area to be a member of -- of the

charter.

MS. GALVAN: Okay.

MS. CODERRE: And the RAB had also in the

25 addendum defined what the affected area was. But that

wasn't in conflict. It was only in that it permitted folks from outside the affected area to sit in an advisory capacity for what happens within the affected area. And

that's what -- what Mr. Antwine referred to before is why

the whole affected area was defined in the first place.

The second area that the final rule is requiring us to make a change is with the process that the Kelly RAB has used to bring new members aboard. And the way -- the way the final rule tells us to do it is because, number one, selection of RAB members is a highly sensitive issue. No one wants to feel that the Air Force had an opportunity and stacked the RAB with people that only agree with the Air Force nor is it -- you know, the rule tells us that this is also not an activist body. So that's also a concern that it not become an activist body.

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So the rule established the process of using a selection panel where we identified, for lack of better word, constituency groups such as homeowners associations, businesses, schools, those — those groupings of individuals, and then from there form a selection panel talk.

That's part of the reason why we ask the RAB members to provide input along with TCEQ, EPA and those folks. And then that selection panel is the one that says

okay, because I have the constituency group, I'm a homeowners association member and I know hundreds of

people who are -- or a couple of people that I'd like to

4 recommend for this RAB.

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Or maybe folks want to self-nominate and put their information into that selection panel and say you may not know me, but I'd be interested in serving. And that selection panel then takes it out of everybody's hand that might have a stake in the outcome of that and gives us a list of name.

In the Kelly RAB case, we're looking for a list of 16 names. There are 16 seats for community members. And at that point, the Air Force has an opportunity to accept the list in its entirety or reject the list in its entirety. We do not have the opportunity to line item veto any name on the list.

MS. GALVAN: Okay.

MS. CODERRE: So we either accept it or we don't. If we don't, we ask the panel to go back to the drawing board. If we accept it, then those become the new members of the RAB and they -- it's the same kind of selection panel we have to set up in subsequent years.

I guess the best example was council member elections. It would be kind of shocking if after the council people went through the election process and sat

in the council room and said those elections were awful messy, let's not do that anymore, we'll decide who gets to be on this body, and that's what had actually -- not -not in a negative way, but it happened to this body that we got away from looking to an outside group to help us determine our membership and make sure that it was representative of the community. So I hope that in a nutshell sums it up for you, that it addresses the selection panel issue. 10 MS. GALVAN: It brings up more questions than 11 you would think because just now you said people who are 12 living without that do not represent this area. There are 13 a lot of people that used to live in this area that were 14 4 affected for many years --

MS. CODERRE: Right.

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MS. GALVAN: -- that have moved away but are in San Antonio like myself. Now, how do we represent those people that got affected and who still have family and friends still living in the area?

MS. CODERRE: Well, the rule is pretty clear.

MS. GALVAN: And want to be on the board.

MS. CODERRE: Right. Well, they can

participate in the public and we discussed a little while

ago. But the rule is pretty clear. The rule tells us

that membership of the RAB by community members is

restricted to those that live or work in the affected area.

MS. GALVAN: Well, I understand what you just said. I know what the rules are.

MR. GARCIA: Well, to me the bottom line seems to be that we wish for you to work with Robert and Esmeralda on some of these issues and I'd like to discuss the period where I can talk with Mrs. Coderre about it.

We need to do some public administration type work, network with the community, go to planning department and get all of the homeowner associations and see, you know, invite them to our meeting and then ask them who will be interested in serving and go through the whole process.

But we know -- you know, I work 50, 60 hours a week for two different transportation agencies and I really don't have time to do all that. I wish I did. I can help you do all of that, but, you know, it would be good if you would start networking with them and sending information to the different churches, the Catholic churches, some of the church groups that meet. Tell them that we're looking -- the meeting, the RAB meeting, (inaudible) tell the neighborhood associations.

You don't have to tell them everyone. They can just come to the meeting or tell them to apply. Just come

in. And start herding in people from church groups and communities, neighborhood associations.

Because there's a bunch of them now. You know?

I kind of think about the metro line, but they're a little bit too -- too much on the -- on the single track main sometimes over other issues and I don't think they would be inject -- objective enough to set down and discuss and argue with you as I do Adam -- with Adam sometimes.

know, but we need to start, you know, networking a lot more and tell us what you're doing and networking. I know, Ms. Esmeralda, if anything is going to happen, I'll put you as my alternative because the next time I have to go out of town I'm going to need an alternate.

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So they just have to get to -- get to work on this stuff and take the lead on this thing and start going and approaching the neighborhoods, get churches to come in here and all that and we just have to really get into it and we're depending on you to take the lead, you and Adam take the lead, and start bringing in more people a lot of times because we -- we have other jobs.

I work with Department of Transportation so I (inaudible) way things are done now because I real -- I don't have to time to help you on all this, but I wish I could.

Page 35 MS. CODERRE: Thank you. MR. SILVAS: In closing, I want to state that really the final RAB rules, people who had submitted their ideas before they finalized them and really they could have considered about the people who were not living in the affected area but however worked there for better part of their lives and that really should have been considered. And just to state for the record that this rule 10 was probably written in this fashion in order to keep out 11 because the participation is lacking and it's very 12 well-known from AFRPA all the way up to the agencies that 13 are involved that without the participation that they would be able to -- not be able to hold meetings much 15 longer because lack of participation from the community. 16 So keeping that RAB rule as it is, it is keeping the 17 community from participating and the voice of the 18 community is not being heard with the way the RAB rule is written and that's just for the record. 20 MR. MARTINEZ: I would like to go -- if I may, 21 we're about 35, 40 minutes behind schedule. It is 7:15 22 and I know that --23 MR. PEREZ: Excuse me. 24 MR. MARTINEZ: Yes, sir. 25 MR. PEREZ: Can you give me five minutes?

was meditating on what -- I was reading (inaudible).

Now it's the United States constitutional law,

they -- the states made a contract when they started

the -- they signed, you know, to become a member of a

law. They go down -- they trickle down.

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And in return, every state would govern itself according to the state constitution. And the state constitution will let the cities have a charter of their own constitution as long as they don't cross over the boundaries, unless they supersede the state. And vice versa, the state does not supersede the United States

Now, then the county of course, the counties that work directly with the city -- cities have their own charter that will allow their own charters as long as they don't supersede the law, you know, the higher law, the state rulings. And it trickles down.

(Inaudible) in the -- in the city, the companies on have their own bylaws, you know, their own charter as long as they don't supersede the city and let the independent county -- let the individual county and state and vice versa goes under United States law. It trickles down like it can trickle up.

Now this, all of what we were talking here was in reference to -- to self-governing ourselves. That's the

- definition. It has to be like that because over in
- Washington, they don't really know what's going on over
- here. They got an idea, but they're not here right now.
- 4 They have representatives such as you and others. The
- 5 state has their own representative and the EPA have their
- own and of course you, too.
- MR. MARTINEZ: May I respond in my personal
- 8 experience? Almost 40 years of reviewing, reading and
- 9 interpreting the federal regulations published in the
- 10 Federal Register, they're never published without the
- public comment period. Each and every one of them.
- This one had a period for the public to comment
- and probably saw and read the preamble. Many people
- across the nation read and contributed comments. Based on
- those comments, the Department of Defense drafted the
- 16 final rule.
- MR. SILVAS: But it --
- MR. MARTINEZ: Let me --
- THE COURT REPORTER: Excuse me. Mr. Martinez,
- could you back up? You're projecting that way.
- MR. MARTINEZ: Sorry.
- MR. SILVAS: (Inaudible) 40 years is stating
- that people have put in their thoughts and their ideas.
- You think for a moment that there wasn't input about
- 25 people that formerly worked there and living in an

Page 38 affected area? That's ludicrous. It had to be considered. But they knew | very well that that idea or that suggestion would not be put down there because that would keep the voice of the community out like it is today. MR. MARTINEZ: Mr. Antwine indicated why the RAB at one point decided to limit the MR. SILVAS: That has nothing --9 MR. MARTINEZ: -- members to within the area. 10 MR. SILVAS: It was written at the top when 11 she read the gentleman's name that signed off on that. 12 MR. MARTINEZ: But again, it was written based ,13 on a great number of comments contributed by people across 14 the nation. It was not written in a vacuum. 15 MR. SILVAS: But you're suggesting --16 MR. MARTINEZ: I believe it was not written in 17 a vacuum. 18 MR. SILVAS: You're suggesting to say that 19 after 40 years experience that all the input they had, the 20 consideration they put in that final RAB rule, you don't 21 think for a minute that there was more than one person 22 suggesting that they had people formerly working there, no 23 longer living in the affected area, that's a big issue. 24: Very big. It had to be put in by most of the RAB here.

I bet if you pull all those suggestions that were

submitted, there had to be over 20 or 100 and get they knew very well from the input of these agencies that the community is lacked of because there's nobody showing up.

Everyone has moved out, anyone who lived there are dead.

You know, you can argue all day on that until you're blue in the face.

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MR. MARTINEZ: The issue that we have, with all due respect to all of you, we have a final rule from the Department of Defense, federal government, U.S. Government, that says you will operate the RAB in this manner that way that the rule is written. The staff does not have the right to change those rules. We all know that. They don't. They have to interpret the rule as it's written. They have no choice.

There may be a choice in a number of years if enough of you across the nation cite your opinion to the Department of Defense to the person that she quoted, that signed the document, maybe they will then reconsider.

But what the staff is doing is proposing to you a methodology, again according to the RAB rules, final rule, to truly represent the community by having the selection panel of community workers and residents and employers and people that are within the area to determine who will fill the vacancies.

There are two people that are eligible to

continue according to the final rule. They are very

interested in filling completely every vacant chair with

people that represent the area, as Ms. Galvan. If you

move back into the area, you're automatically eligible and

you have the value of the experience.

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MR. SILVAS: Mr. Martinez, you've been here for more than one meeting and you know for a fact that the community is -- community being present at these meetings is next to zero.

MR. MARTINEZ: What, sir?

MR. SILVAS: The community being here from the affected zip codes or the rules, it's next to zero. They didn't fill a seat today, perhaps one. How do you expect them to fill the sub review committees and --

MR. MARTINEZ: May I suggest one thing?

Again -- pardon me. I'm older than dirt as you can tell.

I've been in many public meetings and many public projects

in Texas and elsewhere. Let me tell you that in your

packet, there's a series of pages, 10 October, Kelly RAB

meeting, San Antonio Express News, 30 September, 2006.

Paid advertisement announcing the meeting.

On the back, La Prensa, October 1, 2006, in Spanish, announcement for the meeting. The next page, Southern Reporter, 5 October, 2006, another paid advertisement announcing the meeting.

On the following page, Southside Reporter, 28 September, another in English paid ad announcing the meeting. Following that, Southside Reporter, Thursday, September 14, 2006, a full page ad and a full -- full column announcing the meeting. That was again printed on October -- September 28th. And then in Spanish, full page ad, La Prensa, 13 September, 2006 and another article about the program, about the RAB and another announcement of the meeting. And last but not least, La Prensa, 27 10 September, 2006, again a full page ad in Spanish and a 11 full announcement of the meeting for 2007. 12 So they're already announcing the meetings. 13 personally do not know why people don't show up, but 14 please know that the staff -- in my 40 years of 15 experience, a meeting has never been so well publicized in 16 the print media. 17 MS. GALVAN: But it's not working because the 18 public is not here and there's million of dollars being 19 spent 20 MR. MARTINEZ: I agree with you. 21 MS. GALVAN: -- on the clean-up. 22 MR. MARTINEZ: I agree with you. 23 MS: GALVAN: And also on the community's part 24 issue in getting the community involved, there are 25 agencies being hired and being paid lots of money and

Page 42 they're still not getting the community here. There is something wrong and our taxpayers' money is being spent -ill spent because if they can't get the community out here, there's a problem there. MR. MARTINEZ: As important as this project is, I agree with you. There should be ten times as many people here. They're not looking for the MS. GALVAN: 9 answer and they're not trying very hard. 10 MR. SILVAS: I think this gentleman would like 11 to speak up. 12 MR. GONZALEZ: I have a small question. You said you have 40 years experience in these meetings. How 13 14 would you attract more people to them? 15 MS: GALVAN: Yeah. 16 MR. GONZALEZ: You have the experience, what 17 would you suggest? How would you --18 MR. MARTINEZ: There were some very good ideas 19 mentioned by Mr. Garcia a little while ago. I think that 20 you need to listen to what the community is saying. 21 gentleman has made comments not only this time, but the 22 last time at the last month, that are excellent ideas. 23 MS. GALVAN: Where are yours, sir? 24 MR. MARTINEZ: Pardon? 25 MS. GALVAN: Where are yours? Can you share

some of your ideas and suggestions?

MR. MARTINEZ: Well, he mentioned an excellent

idea a little while ago. The churches.

MS. GALVAN: But with all your years of

experience, you can't give us one of your ideas?

MR. MARTINEZ: I said that one excellent way

of announcing a program as important as this is through

the churches. But what it requires is somebody that

can -- for example, in this area, I would imagine some

churches, some masses, you would have to have a Spanish

speaking person that can go up and volunteer at the -- at

the podium and announce the meeting and the value of the

community's attendance at these meetings.

MS. GALVAN: We already have an agency as part

of this RAB that goes out to the community, which can go

to the churches and they have -- they're getting paid to

do this.

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MR. MARTINEZ: In my --

MS. GALVAN: And they're not doing this.

MR. MARTINEZ: In my experience, Ms. Galvan,

with all due respect, an advisory board also can do that

 22 as well.

MS. GALVAN: Yes. And I've done that already.

MR. MARTINEZ: So I agree with you. The

public participation on a program as important as this is

- very, very important. But it is not who is not doing it,
- but why is it not happening and how can we all work
- 3 together, all of us, including people in the audience,
- 4 that can go out, each one of us, including me, can go out
- 5 there and there try to drum up interest in this activity.

Now what they propose to do through the required

- selection panel is to find individuals that are rooted in
- the community -- not that you're not, but rooted in the
- 9 community that can go out there then and, almost like
- missionaries, try to solicit interest in filling the other
- 11 14 seats. To begin with. That has to be done
- immediately.

Prior to the subsequent meeting, January 7th or

- 9th of 2007, we need to start with a full, full slate of
- RAB members. It is the responsibility of that new group
- to then answer the question that you both are very very
- correctly indicating is very important.
- No denying. And the gentleman in the audience,
- you're right. That needs to be done. But with all due
- respect, you are also asked to participate as a member of
- the audience.
- MR. GONZALEZ: I've got one more question.
- 23 I've been in a lawsuit that lasted over 30 years at Kelly
- Air Force Base concerning promotions. This little
- γ^{25} in-fighting discourages a lot of people.

MR. MARTINEZ: Agreed.

MR. GONZALEZ: Making little technicalities

that between trying to make him and everybody's waiting

for the meeting to go through. So is this going to happen

every time? These little technicalities? You don't get

no business done.

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MR. SILVAS: I'd like to point out, sir, that I've been on this a few years. Most of the people have been on here longer. And some of the issues that we argue over, and I do believe they do go too long, but today the issue being the people's eligibility to be on this board are important and we feel really that -- like I said before, this new rule was simply written to restrict who gets on this board and wait and see. If they don't fill these chairs by the end of the year, the board won't be here.

MR. MARTINEZ: Maybe, you're right, sir.

MR. GONZALEZ: I've been in other lawsuits and this little in-fighting is always happening. If it's not membership participation, it's another technicality. And it's always coming from over there. We're trying to --people are trying to get into it and doing it, but it comes up with technicalities all the time. This is already we got to follow the rule. Who made the rule. Well, you did the rules. I mean that happened two, three

meetings ago. It's going to happen again.

MR. MARTINEZ: Excuse me. Again, I go back to

the inevitable truth. We have to follow the final RAB

rule by the Department of Defense. It is a technicality,

you're right. But it is a Department of Defense

technicality that they, the staff, have to follow. They

have to follow that in replacing, filling, new RAB seats.

And I think you-all know that. We all know

that. And we would like to go forth to ensure that the

next RAB that will be sitting here in January of 2007 is

representative of the area as prescribed by the RAB in the

area RAB and as required by the final RAB rule.

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We are all very interested in cleaning this area. I don't live in this community, but I am very interested in getting this area clean. No one wants pollution to remain and the staff is working full-time in remediating. As I said earlier in my introduction, this is the sole purpose of the program that is supported by the staff and that is why you are here this evening. And

that is why you in the audience are here because you're

interested in that and we thank you for that.

MR. GONZALEZ: I'm interested, but I'm getting discouraged. I don't know that I'm going to attend the next meeting if that -- if you-all have another meeting.

²⁵ I come back here and what, another technicality?

I mean you already said you're late in your presentations because of what's going on over here.

MR. MARTINEZ: That's fine. That's perfectly fine.

MR. GONZALEZ: And -- and then you start going and everybody has to leave.

MR. MARTINEZ: We have a set agenda, but if we don't get to the rest of the agenda, frankly if you want to discuss this all night, that's fine. But the staff has a presentation to make to you to indicate the work that they have been doing since the last meeting in -- in July as part of the remediation program. And we have two of the staff here to discuss that if we get to that item on the agenda.

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MR. PEREZ: Can I finish my conversation because really I'm not the one that started all the commotion and let me follow up on the record and explain and so on. Now — okay. I speak enough Texas law and of course we're Texas law and United States law does respect the state law.

State law says, for example, that some changes that need to be done for the good. Now for example, a pickup truck in the city, nobody can be in the bed section of a trunk. Why? Because of safety. At one time they used to allow anybody that was at least 16 or 18 or higher

as long as they were lying down and then they went ahead and said -- insurance people said no, we're not going to pay. Too many breaks, people jump, you know, throw them out and so on.

State law and it's county law where the state says in the country it was different, you're in a truck, you're driving, there's no -- not that many trucks, cars and so on, no problem. So really, in that sense, the city can overrule the state and let -- the state gives them the right to govern themselves, once again, once the rule is in the charter, the city charter.

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So they coincide. They kind of work together and so on. This RAB should be working in that sense, too. I mean regardless what -- to a certain point we go by what the Defense says or the United States says. But we still got to -- there's not to be a secondary way of doing things.

MS. BROWN: Can I respond to that? This is a Department of Defense RAB and it receives all of its money from the Department of Defense and so we have to follow the Department of Defense rules.

MR. PEREZ: The money. Yes, well, they're using the money. They're cleaning up. That's nice.

MS. BROWN: But they also pay for the RAB and the administrative support.

Page 49 MR. PEREZ: I don't get paid money. MS. BROWN: No, but the administrative support for the RAB. PEREZ: I don't get paid. MR. MARTINEZ: Mr. Perez, correct me if I'm wrong, but I think the only instance in the function of this program that the state may supersede is the review of the actual work that's being accomplished. correct? You can somehow supersede the -- you have some 10 control of the program. You have to approve the work that 11 is being done, the remediation work. 12 MR. WEEGAR: Mark Weegar, TCEQ. 13 understand your comment question, TCEQ is not -- has no 14 involvement in the RAB rule, federal rule, things of that 15 nature. Texas Commission on Environmental Quality is the 16 agency that directs the clean-up at Kelly Air Force Base. 17 We're operating in lieu of the federal government by 18 virtue of having been authorized to implement a Federal 19 Regulation Resource, Conservation and Recovery Act. 20 So our program is operating as a federal 21 So we -- we don't -- we don't supersede the program. 22 federal government. We're acting as the federal 23 government in lieu of them in implementing our program. 24 MR. MARTINEZ: Is there any other case? 25 MR. PEREZ: The State of Texas is connected to

the United States. We can't supersede them. They can

give us leeway because we know our state is different than

other states. We can -- we can help them make up their

mind on decisions because we're from here and they're from

 5 over there. We have our own charter.

MS. LANDEZ: I think that what Mr. Perez is

trying to say is that when -- okay. From like an

environmental rules standpoint, the Environmental

Protection Agency promulgates rules and then the state

10 looks at those rules and they can either promulgate the

rules as is or they can be stricter. But they cannot be

less strict than what EPA has promulgated.

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So say if the state says, you know, we want the standard of a constituent to be lower than what EPA has promulgated, then the state can do that and we living within the state would have to abide by that rule.

But Mr. Perez, from this standpoint, yes, we could as a RAB, when the RAB is seated and RAB makes a decision on the charter on how to fill when maybe one RAB member leaves during the year or the RAB member isn't present, you know, attending as needed to be, you can make a rule in that charter or whatever, you know, operating procedures that says this is how the RAB want to do these things.

You still have to meet the requirements that are

in the rule, but you can also add additional requirements to your RAB members.

MR. PEREZ: There you go. Local law works everywhere. It's the constitution, the higher up constitution.

MR. MARTINEZ: Would it be appropriate if we were to proceed with the rest of the agenda? Again the staff, hardworking staff, have been following the program and working on remediation activities and they would like to report what they have done since the last meeting.

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Very briefly the next item on the agenda is a presentation by Mr. Adam Antwine and Ms. Norma Landez on the update of work to date on the BRAC clean-up. And Ms. Landez will also report to you or summarize to you the information that has been submitted into the library. She will indicate what those documents are. We are about to dim the lights and proceed to that agenda item.

MR. ANTWINE: Okay. Thank you, Jose. I want to just sort of tag team with Norma. She's going to be talking about most of the items that we're going to cover next with regard to environmental updates and the BCT update that she typically gives.

This first chart is just an ongoing number of clean-up sites that we have to address here at Kelly, the total number of those sites being 687. And this is

something that you guys have asked us to continually provide you in terms of information on what number of sites are being closed as we progress.

The details are over here in the charts that are behind Mark and Rodrigo. If you'd like to look at any particular area or zone or program, that's the way it's broken out. So we'd be glad to, you know, give you additional details on any of those locations, you know, as we proceed on tonight or any other time in the future.

Norma, if you would cover the next slide. Which one is -- is this the one --

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MS. LANDEZ: We kind of moved slides around.

MR, ANTWINE: Okay. What's coming up next?

Okay. This is something else I'll talk about. As many of you know and as many of you participated in Kelly Area Collaboration Meetings that we've had thus far, starting sort of the bottom, May 13th was the first kickoff meeting that was held over at Dwight.

We had an environmental roundtable that was the 24th of June. The most recent one since we met last was the 23rd of September. That was held at Dwight Middle School. And if Kyle is here, she may want to make comments on that. I think that was a successful meeting. We had about 70 participants on Saturday before last I guess it was.

So

MS. CUNNINGHAM: Just a couple of weeks ago.

MR. ANTWINE: Just a couple of weekends ago.

Folks that showed up from various aspects of the community and universities and the like so we think that was a success.

There is another roundtable coming up in January. That's the 13th and Leticia here at the Port Authority is going to be the focal point for that one. we'll be — we'll be giving more information as we get closer to that meeting. ^ ATSDR, we did receive some

are the three reports that are listed, Past Air Emissions, The Leukemia Update and The Health Consultation that was originally done in May 2005.

final reports. Many of you saw these in draft and here

These are final reports that if any of you would like copies of those reports, they are available to you

from the location listed below.

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Okay. This is something I'd also like to mention that Gary may want to chime in, too. This is something that you have a flier in your handout. It's going to be held on the 18th of October and it's an outreach forum for Hispanics that the EPA is hosting here in San Antonio.

And I'm not sure if the location is on here, but it may be on the flier that's in your packet. The actual location

25 is not identified here; is it?

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MS. CODERRE: I'm not sure. We got this information from Nelda Perez. She works with Tribal and Outreach Affairs, but you if you contact this Paula Flores at the bottom, if you're interested, she's -- she'll have the information for you. And the phone number and the e-mail is -- is on that handout. MS. CUNNINGHAM: And there's also a website for registration. MS. CODERRE: Yes. And that's on the handout 10 that's in your packet. 11 MR. ANTWINE: This is something typically held 12 downtown at a hotel, but I don't know that we have --13 Gary, you don't have a --14 MR. MILLER: I don't know where this one is 15 being held there. There's actually a newer flier and I 16 don't know that Paula gave me one. She can -- I can 17 probably send it to Sonja. I've got it at the office. 18 MR. ANTWINE: We'll have it available for the 19 RAB members. 20 MS. CODERRE: Well, I mean it's going to be 2,1 : kind of late. I would recommend that they use that phone 22 number. If Paula is not there, I'm sure it can be 23 answered. But this is next week. If you're interested in 24 attending, you're going to have to be a little proactive

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and go after the data.

MR. WEEGAR: Going to the website up there, the epa.gov earth blah, blah, blah, that -- that ought to give you information about where the meeting is located and registration and all that right there. MS. CODERRE: Right. 6 MR. ANTWINE: Okay. So more information obviously is available. Okay. Is that it? I got a question before we move MR. SILVAS: It seems that EPA is holding this outreach program 10 far from where the contamination really is. And being 11 Hispanic heavily populated in this side of town, this is 12 being covered in a more Caucasian populated side of town. 13 How can it be an outreach if it's not held in the 14 area down where it's located? 15 MR. ANTWINE: Do you know where it's located? 16 We don't know where it's at. 17 MR. SILVAS: Well, I'm telling you it's not in 18 the area 19 MR. ANTWINE: Where is it? 20

MR. SILVAS: It's not in the affected area.

No, it's not.

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22. MR. ANTWINE: But there's people who might 23:

want to go so can you share with us where it is?

MR. SILVAS: It's on the northeast side of

25 town if I'm not mistaken, 410 area.

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MR. ANTWINE: Okay.

MS. CODERRE: And frankly the information was

provided as a courtesy. This information, it has -- the

outreach forum is not about the Kelly Restoration Program,

but we thought that it might be something that you-all

would be interested in so we wanted to make sure that we

had the information here for you.

Can you back me up one slide, please? Okay. All

right. So now we're up to Norma.

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MS. LANDEZ: Okay. Here is an update on the

radium program. We've got some reviews. We submitted a

draft final report for phase III, basically

decommissioning and decontaminating the sanitary sewer in

area of building 326. And the report has been reviewed by

both the Environmental Protection Agency and the

Radioisotope Committee and we received a response that

they have no further comments and therefor our site is

closed as of 11 September of this year.

And we only have one area left of concern, that's

building 1530. That one we would have to do once Lackland

Air Force Base no longer occupies the area.

MS. CODERRE: If I may interject. Because the

slides can get messed up between the time they're printed

and the meeting, that was slide number six in your packet

and this is the bottom of slide number five. And then

- we'll be going forward. I apologize for the confusion,
- but all of it is there in your packet.
- MS. LANDEZ: This is an update on the Class 3
- Modification for the Zones 4 and 5 areas. We received
- 5 a -- the final draft for Class 3 Compliance Plan
- 6 Modification from TCEQ. It basically was dated 21st of
- September and we're in the process of adding the
- ⁸ information, the documents to the library. The
- 9 information is available at the central public library and
- also we're in the process of making arrangements to
- publish notice regarding the modification or the final
- draft permit and the TCEQ's preliminary decision hopefully
- later this week.

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- MR. SILVAS: I've got a question. Go ahead.
- Although it's on this slide anyway.
- MS. LANDEZ: From the Leon Creek guar spill,
- we have not received any response today regarding our
- response to the TCEQ's petition on the enforcement order
- and so we are still waiting for a decision from TCEQ.
- MR. SILVAS: Question on the petition. What
- were the specifics of that? Specifics of the petition.
- MS. LANDEZ: There was a request to go into --
- gosh, I can't remember anymore.
 - MS. BROWN: It was the TCEQ's petition.
- MS. LANDEZ: I mean we're just waiting for a

- 1 response.
- MR. SILVAS: Right. But what does the
- petition have to do with everything that's going on with
- 4 this right now?
- MS. LANDEZ: That's going on with what? This
- has to do with the Leon Creek.
- MS. POWER: This is Abbi Power of TCEQ, region
- 8 13. The petition is part of the legal process. The TCEQ
- lawyers write a petition which, correct me if I'm wrong,
- 10 states the findings of facts.
- MS. BROWN: True.
- MS. POWER: Which basically says, you know,
- there was a spill that occurred on this date kind of
- thing. And that is filed with or they present the
- petition to the Air Force and say these are our findings
- of facts and they responded to it. Now our attorneys are
- 17 looking at their response.
- MR. SILVAS: Once your team has finished
- responding to that, where does it go?
- MS. POWER: Our attorneys are currently
- looking at their response. It's in litigation. We can't
- 22 say anything about it --
- MR. SILVA: All right.
- MS. POWER: -- until the litigation process is
- ²⁵ finalized.

MS. LANDEZ: Okay. We've had -- we had a BCT meeting on July 12th and also on September 12th and both of those meetings min -- minutes for both of those meetings are included in your packet free for you to look at and review. We had a meeting today. And we discussed the Zone 1 corrective measures study and we reviewed our ongoing project.

We have several that are going to start within the next few months. We have removal that we're doing at building 324, Soil Vapor Extraction System that we'll be installing at building 360 and also we received funding and award contracts for the Thermal Enhanced Extraction System that we'll be installing in the parking area where building 301 used to sit.

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We also have -- we provided a listing of documents that will be submitted in the next 90 days and we will provide you a copy of the meeting minutes from today's meeting at the next RAB meeting.

MS. CODERRE: The next couple of slides that Ms. Landez will cover are descriptions of the documents that are listed on this sheet of paper that's in your packet.

MS. LANDEZ: These are documents that we are putting into the cochair library at the Environmental Health and Wellness Center. I think that's how you say

- that. We submitted the final Semiannual Compliance Plan
- Report dated July 2006 and that is at the library and Mr.
- Buelter will be providing a report on that in a few
- 4 minutes.
- Also we put the Zone 3 Six Site Soil Revised
- 6 Closure Report. We made some changes to the report and we
- basically presented findings of six sites in the
- industrial area that we are proposing to close, which we
- 9 believe are close to Risk Reduction Standard 2 Industrial
- and we submitted to the state for review.
- We received a multitude of letters back and forth
- 12 from EPA or to -- from TCEQ. We received EPA's comments
- on the Six Site Soil Closure Report. We received
- acceptance of our deed certification for several IRP sites
- in Zone 2 and those sites are closed as of 6 July and we
- updated that information to you at the July RAB meeting.
- We also received closure on our site SA-2 unit
- and all those sites were closed in accordance with Risk
- 19 Reduction Standard 2. We received comments on our closure
- report for 1586 oil/water separator. That's in the north
- Kelly area. We received also review comments from the
- state on the building 348 aboveground storage tank and we
- received a comment also from the TCEQ on the Six Site Soil
- ²⁴ Closure Report.
 - From EPA, we submitted what we call a draft

1 Finding of Suitability to Transfer of the test cell parcel

and we received comments from EPA. We -- when we reviewed

EPA's comments for the Zone 3 Six Site Soil Closure Report

we noted there was some discrepancies after we had some

discussion.

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Mr. Miller, he retracted his comments and submitted a letter to the state and courtesy copied us and that is in the library.

Let's see. There's a letter in response or that we responded to the Initial draft Class 3 Compliance Plan Modification for Zones 4 and 5 that's part of the process that was previously discussed.

Then we received a letter from EPA basically concurring on the draft Finding of Suitability to Transfer to on the test cells parcel and in regard we also have transfer test cell parcels to the Port Authority and a TCEQ letter accepting the deed certification for building 3060 warehouse and building 3774, auto repair shop.

As we go on, we also received or we submitted —— AFRPA submitted like a revised closure report basically in response to TCEQ's comments. Then we received approval from TCEQ on the Final Sampling and Analysis Plan and Quality Assurance Project Plan that we used when we do our sampling during our semiannual compliance plan events.

And we also submitted a letter to TCEQ that --

- asking for an extension of submitting a deed recordation
- for building 348, the vaulted aboveground storage tank.
- 3 So we're kind of wanting to do everything with some of the
- sites that we proposed closure that are in the area.
- Those are all the correspondence back and forth between all three agencies.
- MR. MARTINEZ: Thank you very much. As you
- can see, the next item is going to be a presentation by
- 9 Mr. Don Buelter on the July 2006 Semiannual Compliance
- 10 Plan Report.
- And Don, I'd like to ask you if you would like to
- have comments during your presentation or hold them until
- ¹³ you finish.
- MR. BUELTER: Why don't we hold them till the
- 15 end.
- MR. MARTINEZ: Very good. So noted. Thank
- ¹⁷ you.
- MR. BUELTER: All right. As you know, we
- submit or collect a lot of data through our Kelly
- Restoration Program and this is part of a Permit and
- 21 Compliance Plan that we have with the State of Texas
- signed in 1989. And it really dictates what sampling we
- need to do and how our program is to proceed.
- And the compliance plan requires the Air Force to
- submit updates on the environmental conditions every six

months and this is to kind of allow us to continue to track progress in the environmental clean-up. We submit two reports, one in January, which is a fuller report, and one in July, which covered the periods from January to June 2006.

In the -- this slide here kind of outlines the entirety of our sampling that we do throughout a year -- throughout the year. What I've highlighted here in the green box is the events that are covered in the July semiannual report. And what we do in January, we sample from our RCRA sites and I'll explain that in the slide coming up what those four sites are.

We -- in Leon Creek, we take sediment and water samples. And in March, we do an annual groundwater level measurements of 900 plus wells across Kelly proper and the off base areas.

In the April June period, we start to sample our groundwater basewide report and through — even though some of these samples are collected in this January to June period, the agreement we have with the state is it takes time to validate all that data. That data of 450 plus wells, plus the greater sampling of Leon Creek, which includes biological sampling, the fish tissue and some other things are put in the January report.

The January report, for those of you who have

seen it, is very large. The July report is actually

relatively small. The particular report this year, we're

in a transition. If you can remember back in March or

April when I presented the January report, we had

mentioned that we -- this year we changed contractors from

6 CH2M Hill to Hydrogeologic. Sampling that was done in

January was actually conducted by CH2M Hill.

8 Hydrogeologic produced a report, the July report. It's

kind of a transitional report. We made some changes to

its appearance and we're not fully there yet.

In January, you'll see a much better product. I

will be much easier to understand and it will focus more

on our systems and how they're operating. But

particularly the July report, there are four sections.

15 Introduction basically just outlines the

requirements of the compliance plan, how this particular

report meets the soil sampling that we do in this area.

Part two is groundwater level measurements. Kind

of walks through what we did for that. And then we get

into the RCRA regulated units and the sampling and the

results we had there and then part four is the Leon

²² Creek.

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So the part two of the report, the water level

measurements, we've been collecting groundwater level

measurements at Kelly probably since 1994 basewide. We

kind of were doing the other units individually. Gives us a good look of, one, water level measurements. I think -
I don't know if we were fully impacted in March but with the drought, water levels are much lower now than what they were several years ago when we were actually getting rain in the area. So that was one of the major changes we

saw.

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We sampled this year our gauge water level measurement of 956 monitoring wells on the base itself and out in the neighborhoods. And we use this data really to check groundwater flow directions and they haven't changed. You know, the water levels have changed throughout the years, but the flow of the groundwater remain constant. And we provide in the report just those surface level maps of the groundwater elevations.

Main part of the report starts getting into the RCRA regulated units. We have four units. One of them has been closed at the time of this so we sampled from three units. Two of these are down in Zone 2, the southern part of the base, and I'll show you where these are in the next slide. And the site S-8 is in the industrial area.

At these units, we are required to sample semiannually. The other environmental units on Kelly require annual samples so this is different. And

basically we look at the results and see if we are meeting the -- the groundwater protection standards that we need to meet per the compliance plan.

The unit -- four of the units are down here.

This is kind of Southwest Military. The flight line is here. Industrial area is over here. So the three of the units are down. If you know where the jet engine test cells are kind of in this corner, they're near there. And the site S-8 is right as you're starting to get into the industrial area.

So those are where these particular units are. Just to point out, one of the units, site SD-1, we achieved closure on that unit and we did a compliance plan modification, removed from the RCRA or from the permit and we're no longer required to sample groundwater samples at that site.

SA-2, there are seven wells within the monitoring network for SA-2. In the January sampling, all seven wells were compliant with the Groundwater Protection Standards. I forgot to change it. This is SA-2, has been released from post culture care.

As Norma mentioned, one of the letters we received from the state accepted the deed recordation, which was the final step for that unit. And then we also completed the Permit and Compliance Plan mod to remove

that unit.

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So we sampled in July because we hadn't had this closure yet, but we will not have a sample from -- at this unit any longer. This is a fully closed site right now.

There are two of these units that are -- have a lot of activity going. And down in Zone 2, site E-3, is a former waste pit. And oils and other items like that were disposed in this pit. The mid '80s, soil was removed from this area, but there was residual contamination and we are currently undergoing -- there's active soil, that's soil vapor extraction, to clean soil and we have some -- two groundwater recovery wells. We're pumping the water and treating the water.

There are several chemicals dissolved in the groundwater that exceed the clean-up criteria. Those are mostly solvents. And there are 17 wells in the network for site E-3. In the January sampling, seven of those were above for one per -- maybe not all these constituents, but at least one of those were above the clean-up standard. So there's more that needs to be done at this site.

The main chemicals that we -- that we find at this site are benzene and chlorobenzene. They were -- well, chlorobenzene was a parts cleaner and it was part of the oils that were put into the pit. And the blue bar

here is actually showing what the clean-up level is. So

you can see that the chlorobenzene within the site is much

higher than the clean-up level as is the benzene and those

are main things we're treating in the groundwater.

5 The PCE is actually downgrading the site and is

6 more reflective of the plume that originates in the

industrial area that moves across down toward Leon Creek.

And also vinyl chloride was in the old waste pit. It's

well above the standard.

MR. SILVAS: What's the standard?

MR. BUELTER: For vinyl chloride it's 2 part

per billion. Chlorobenzene is 100 part per billion and

 $)^{13}$ benzene is 5 part per billion.

The monitoring network -- contamination is really

confined to the former pit. The extraction wells are

doing a good job of keeping the contaminant from moving

and downgrading into the site. There used to be a plume

that extended well beyond the site. It's not -- it's

19 cleaned up below the site right now.

The monitoring network, we can define the

extent. There is still, as you can see, a lot of

contaminants that are still above the protection

23 standard. We are looking at this site at ways to optimize

the system, see if we can't have the clean-up become more

.²⁵ rapid.

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MR. SILVAS: What is predicted clean-up for

MR. BUELTER: Right now, it's probably at

about, with the latest data we looked at, 20 to 25 years.

That's why we want to be a little more aggressive. Most

of Zone 2 is -- has been cleaned up and we would like to

get this site so we are looking to -- hopefully in the

next year or so to go back in and aggressively treat this

9 site, either dig it up or do some more aggressive

treatment here.

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that site?

Next unit, site S-8, is an industrial area. In one sense it's very similar to site E-3. I think the same shops that disposed of waste down in site E-3 pit were -- originally were putting that waste into some underground storage tanks at site S-8 and these tanks released this contaminant to the groundwater.

Here there are 13 of 20 wells that are noncompliant. Most of these wells here are actually within the site. It's a much tighter network of wells. Like E-3 downgrading of the sites, there are two groundwater recovery wells and the soil treatment taking place here. Downgrading the site, we see very good degradation.

There used to be a plume of chlorobenzene.

Looking at the July report, it's actually the -- just the

- wells right in the site are above the Groundwater
- Protection Standard right now. And so degradation
- downgrading is working. We are seeing here whereas the
- site E-3, the concentration of chlorobenzene were ten
- times higher than they are here and these chlorobenzene
- 6 concentrations have been improving so they're actually --
- you know, it's down to one or two wells that are above the
- 9 protection standard.
- MR. SILVAS: I got a question. The levels for
- 10 arsenic, what are the standards?
- MR. BUELTER: Arsenic in our compliance plan
- is at 50 part per billion is the standard. There is a
- 13 couple of wells that are around 150, 200 part per billion
- 14 at the site.

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- MR. GARCIA: So who is the doing most of the
- 16 clean-up? Natural attenuation or your mechanical means?
- MR. BUELTER: Mechanical means here.
- MR. GARCIA: How much? About 80 or 90 percent
- and then natural attenuation is doing the other ten
- 20 percent or what -- how is --
- MR. BUELTER: Yeah, that's a pretty good
- 22 percentage. There's much more mass that's in the --
- that's in the oil source area that the groundwater or the
- 24 trees are collecting and --
 - MR. GARCIA: Than the natural degradation --

Page 71 MR. BUELTER: Right. It's probably -- you're pretty close. It's probably 90-10 percent. MR. GARCIA: How many more years of this? MR. BUELTER: This site, I don't know if we really worked the numbers fully yet. It's -- it's less. We see much better -- here we see progress. 10, 20, 30 years. MR. GARCIA: I would say 10 years, 10 to 15 MR. BUELTER: years. 10 MR. SILVAS: I have a question on the new 11 standards of TCEQ being lowered, how is that affecting 12 your -- your clean-up? 13 MR. BUELTER: Right now we're still working 14 with the level of 5 part per billion that's in our 15 compliance plan. Until that level is changed, if it ever 16 is changed, that's what we'll be required to --17 MR. SILVAS: It has changed; hasn't it? 18 MR. BUELTER: No, it has not. 19 MR. WEEGAR: The MCL for TCE has not been 20 It's still 5 parts per billion. 21 MR. SILVAS: And what are the standards they want to lower it to? 23 MR. BUELTER: They haven't -- they haven't 24 valuated it fully yet. Really the guestion that came out 25 was the matter of methodology, whether that methodology

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was correct to move forward.
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- MR. SILVAS: But they do want to lower it;
- 3 correct?
- MR. BUELTER: I don't know what EPA -- I mean
- they're the -- their risk assessors will determine that.
- MR. SILVAS: I mean the whole shebang was that
- the industries in the DOD were arguing that the standards
- 8 didn't need to be lowered; is that correct? And now EPA
- ⁹ and them are arguing otherwise?
- MS. CODERRE: This presentation is about the
- 11 Semiannual Compliance Plan, not about the National
- Research Center's Report on TCE so if we could stay
- focused about the subject that we're here to talk about.
- MR. SILVAS: Well, see, again, TCE sets the
- standard. I'd like to address the EPA. Are the levels
- going to be considered to be lowered or not.
- MR. MILLER: As Mark said -- Gary Miller, EPA,
- Region 6. There's been a subcommittee formed and they're
- 19 actually looking at literature right now for different
- kinds of levels. It's a long process. That's all I can
- say about it. Our risk assessor says, you know, it can be
- eight years or longer before they ever get to a conclusion
- 23 to actually change this number that Don is talking about,
- the NCL number.
 - MR. SILVAS: But my question being they want

to change it to lower it; right?

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MR. MILLER: You know, it's going to depend what they come up with in the numbers. EPA did not really fight to lower it. There were some studies based I think on what the risk was and as Don mentioned earlier, it has to do with how you apply that risk to different numbers and whether or not that's going to work out when they go through all the reports and come to different levels. Yeah, it may come up with a lower number.

MR. SILVAS: Okay. Thank you.

MR. BUELTER: Part 3 of the RCRA regulated units, conclusion is pretty obvious. We're not at the standard yet so we need to continue operation of area soil and groundwater treatment systems. As I said, downgrading of both of these source areas, levels of contamination have decreased below the protection standards.

S-8 is improving more rapidly than E-3. We're looking at site E-3 to potentially refine or change our closure plan to do something more aggressive at that site.

Part 4 is Leon Creek. What's different in the July report from the January report is at Leon Creek, we only sample in January. We only take water and sediment samples. There's much less analysis done in the report on the Leon Creek outside of presenting the results.

We don't have that biological fish tissue data and some of the other biological data that is collected in July. So one aspect of the July report, which is kind of frustrating, is it's almost all just data. There's very little interpretation that is done.

So again, we collect samples, surface water, sediment, where there are seeps, the groundwater since groundwater flows into the creek. Storm water outfall, we'll collect water samples there. And even in the January period we still sample the reference creeks — these are just for comparison — Salado Creek, Medio Creek and the Medina River.

What we do is look at historic trends of the contamination. January we looked at the trends of the biological assessments. We didn't have that for this sampling round. What we use is the Texas Soil Water Quality Standard basically to look at — these are primarily ecological concerns.

So, you know, we compare this. These standards are just that. There's screening criteria and we look at these to see if there's a chemical that may indicate that there is a risk.

One item that was -- we've worked on in the state for some time and in November of 2005 was approved by the TCEQ, our Ecological Risk Assessment. Basically -- and

what that risk assessment did is look at the years of Leon

2 Creek sampling to see if there was actually a risk to

ecological receptors and conclusions of that report was

4 that in Leon Creek, contamination that is found, there is

not supposed an unacceptable risk to ecological

6 receptors. What we found in the January sediment and

sampling were similar concentrations to what we had in the

⁸ past.

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The chemicals that exceeded, there are 27. These are the ones that are found in the sediment. That's where we primarily find the contaminants that exceed the water quality standards. Various pHs. Actually most of these are down to here, few pesticides, DDT primarily and then these are breakdown products of DDT and then some low levels of various forms of TCB in the sediment.

In the surface water and the January report, none of -- within the surface water of Leon Creek, there were no samples that exceeded any of the water quality standards. However, in one of the groundwater seeps, chromium, cyanide, PCE and TCE were above that standard. And it was in an area where we know there's some chromium in the groundwater that's being treated and also the PCE TCE plume from Zone 3 is where that seep enters the creek and that's also being treated.

Just to show toxins and the water quality

standards are pretty much based for ecological receptors.

This particular graph in comparison is not in the report.

It's just an informational one I wanted to show.

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And basically it's taking these lighter bars here are the human health risks or values of Risk Standard 2 residential. It's for soils so if you wanted to build a house on the site to show that.

Within the creek in the particular report, there is one station of benzoapyrene that was above the human health value. The rest of the contaminants that we found are at or below that residential standards.

Likewise, for the groundwater seep, blue bar is what we found within the seep. The gray bar or the drinking water standards for these particular constituents, PCE, TCE are slightly above standard. They're lower than what they've been in past years so there's been a decrease. Our treatment systems upgrading are working on those seeps.

Again, the observation of constituents that we find in Leon Creek and the seep and sediments are really reflected in a lot of the groundwater plumes. Seeps are part of the groundwater. Some of the sediment concentrations, some of those are distributable to past practices on Kelly Air Force Base. Like you see metals down in the Zone 2 area, probably from former industrial

wastewater treatment plant.

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Some of the pHs of benzoapyrene are probably -may be related to industrial activities, but they're also
related to automobile exhaust and -- and those type of
things.

What we find really is that the Zone 2 area is where the highest concentrations are. These are where the largest storm water outfalls exist. They drain large areas of Kelly Air Force Base and there's one very large city storm water outfall that drains into the creek down in Zone 2.

In the reference creeks, cadmium, lead, selenium and zinc were slightly above the water quality standards in those area of the water and sediment. And we see that occasionally. They tend to change from time to time.

The report is in the downtown library. The volume -- the text part of the volume in January is -- if you put the reports together, it's probably a couple of feet worth of pages. This particular one fits in a little three-ring -- or a three-inch binder so it's much shorter. And we also have this which, as Norma said, was put at the Environmental Health & Wellness Center.

So any further questions?

Yes, Mr. Garcia?

MR. GARCIA: So bottom line is we're still

- having problems with Leon Creek and we're still having
- trouble cleaning up the test sites. There's still a lot
- of work to do. Let me put it that way. Not having a
- ⁴ problem, but there's still a lot of work to do.
- MR. BUELTER: In Leon Creek, we said the
- 6 ecological risk assessment, basically we've met standards
- ⁷ there. It will improve. Well, actually has improved with
- 8 time. We see that with the biological sampling that we
- 9 have taken that there are sensitive species that are
- starting to migrate their way up Leon Creek. The water
- 11 quality of Leon Creek is getting better.
- MR. GARCIA: We still got a long way to go
- 13 though.
- MR. BUELTER: Yeah. A lot of urban streams
- are that way unfortunately. And we -- we're continuing
- the site E-3 and Zone 2 so it's not associated with the
- test. Actually the test zone we've closed. But there are
- sites -- site E-3, site S-8 that are mentioned in this
- 19 report that still have a fair amount of work to do.
- We're going to continue to look at ways to -- now
- that contamination is contained pretty much at the site
- 22 and source is find a way to get those sources cleaned up
- faster. The faster we clean them up, the less money we
- 24 spend in the long run.
 - MR. GARCIA: One more question. Could there

be some other sources of contamination and leaking into

that thing with the chemicals, maybe from Lackland or from

unknown Kelly sources or from chemicals and stuff being

buried along Leon Creek that's leaking into the creek?

5 Has that been investigated?

MR. BUELTER: Yeah. I mean the -- the Air

Force installations have been -- we've hit those pretty

well. If there are some old things, you know, upgrading

or upstream of the bases, you know, we hear various

stories once in a while that don't point to anything.

There's a lot of activity up at Leon Creek

drainage basin. You know, those of us who live near that

area, it is one of those tightrope areas. So while there

are things happening to help clean up the creek,

urbanization is just going to add more contaminants to a

lot of that. I mean --:

MR. GARCIA: The reason I ask is that the

possible source that I've seen is they buried a lot of

trash and junk over there by 151 and Pinn Road, that junk

yard there. I wonder if any of the stuff they have buried

there may be leaking chemicals that end up showing up down

here.

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MR. BUELTER: It's possible. It's possible.

There's a lot activities up that way that just --

MR. GARCIA: Is there any way you can

investigate it? Put the blame on somebody else.

MR. BUELTER: That's really a City of San

3 Antonio or TCEQ.

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MS. POWER: Abby Power, TCEQ, Region 13. The San Antonio River Authority, working in conjunction with our agency and other agencies related to water quality, are in the process of trying to put a San Antonio River Basin-wide study together. It would not only look at all of Leon Creek. It would also look at the Medina River, Salado Creek, and all the contributors to the -- to the river system all the way down to the Gulf of Mexico.

So they're looking at all different sorts of possible industries and the landfills that you mentioned and the urban runoff and all that type of stuff. It's something that a lot of people have an interest in.

MR. BUELTER: It is. And it's a good point.

MS. POWER: Yes.

MR. BUELTER: It's state and it's nationwide.

MS. POWER: It's nationwide.

MR. BUELTER: Storm water nationwide is a huge

deal now. That's why we pay so much on the --

MS. POWER: Our agency also has water quality monitoring stations throughout the state. We monitor the water throughout the state and there is a -- if you go to our web page, the TCEQ web page, you can access some of

that data. They actually have some of it on-line. You can look at the water quality.

There is a monitoring station at Highway 90 and Leon Creek. Also the U.S. Geological Survey has a lot of water quality data.

MR. GARCIA: Yeah, you told us about that.

MS. CUNNINGHAM: Yeah. Also -- actually there

⁸ are two stations. There's one upstream and downstream.

9 And PCEH is sponsoring both of those. And it's available

either on the PCEH web page. I mean it's -- it's

11 real-time data.

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Now one of those monitoring stations, the level of the water has been really low so -- but, you know, you can look at that data either in USGS page, TCEQ page or PCEH page. So it's there.

MR. PEREZ: Just for your information, I spoke to the city council last week, last Thursday, and there's evidence that there's lot of contamination coming from up north coming downstream. Lot of evidence. In fact, it's seeping into the aquifer. There's evidence.

MR. BUELTER: Yeah. Right. That's the other concern with us is our recharge.

MR. PEREZ: I took advantage of it. I went to see that example on what's going on here. In fact, I was conferring with the city representative on that.

MR. SILVAS: The recent incident with the 2 drums being unearthed at the golf course, that's just one of 17 holes that are along the Leon Creek. Wouldn't that be considered a source of contamination for that creek. MR. BUELTER: We -- those units were known. Back in the early or mid '90s, some of the groundwater recovery systems that were put in really in Zone 1 along Leon Creek were to treat groundwater or capture groundwater from those sources before it entered Leon 10 Creek. 11 That particular set of drums was -- is a known 12 A contractor for Lackland was exploring to see, site. 13 one, if there were drums, how many drums were there and if 14 anything remained in those drums. So --15 MR. LANDEZ: They're in the process of 16 planning remedial action to the areas that have drums in 17 Lackland Air Force Base is working with the them. 18 contractor at this point in time and they will plan --19 they're looking at beginning next month in November and 20 they're going to provide details of the removal action and 21 what they're going to be doing when at the Lackland 22 Community Council --23 MS. POWER: Community Council on Restoration. 24 MS. LANDEZ: -- on Restoration next Wednesday, 25

October 18th at 7 o'clock.

Page 83 MS. POWER: It's at the elementary or the -is it an elementary school located on -- I left it out in my car. MR. SILVAS: Going back to my question though that those drums, that's just one of 17 holes and you stated that that was a known site since '95 or whatever and there was in effect a plan put in place to capture that. MR. BUELTER: Right. 10 MS. LANDEZ: Recovery system there to capture 11 that groundwater. 12 MR. SILVAS: So that recovery] System is 100 percent captured? Whatever has come out wasn't affecting 13 14 Leon Creek? 15 I haven't looked at the MR. BUELTER: 16 effectiveness of that particular one. But it's -- the 17 plume is pretty -- yeah, I would say we captured most, if 18 not all. 19 MR. WEEGAR: Mark Weegar, TCEQ. In response 20 to your question, Robert, those ten landfills that are 21 over there that are under the former Kelly Golf Course .22 that are on Zone 1, which is now part of Lackland, are 23 all -- those sites are in the Kelly Permit and Compliance 24 Plan. Their groundwater monitoring and whatnot that's

done on those sites is captured within the compliance

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plan.

It's not -- these aren't sites that were just

suddenly discovered. They've been part of the Kelly

compliance plan and Kelly -- Kelly would have been

responsible for developing the -- their remedial

strategy. Now that it's gone over to Lackland, Lackland

has that responsibility. It's still captured within Kelly

Permit and Compliance Plan so it's not something that's

9 unknown.

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MR. SILVAS: I understand that, but they still

have to impact the creek.

MR. WEEGAR: Yeah. There are --

MR. SILVA: The contaminants --

MR. WEEGAR: As Don said, there are

15 groundwater recovery systems there. They look like

they're doing a good job of capturing most of it. I don't

think from what I've looked at that they're capturing all

of the contamination.

It's my understanding that Lackland as part of

their -- the remedy that they're developing for those

landfills are also looking at either upgrading the

recovery systems or replacing them with trenches to

recover the groundwater out there.

MR. SILVA: Now I don't understand.

(Inaudible) you just stated that each one got a recovery

Page 85 system. MR. WEEGAR: No. There are only -- there are only two landfills that have drums in them and those two landfills have recovery systems. MS. POWER: And not all of those ten landfills have an impact to groundwater. MR. MARTINEZ: Are there anymore questions? Don does have another presentation to make after this one. Anymore questions on this topic? 10 MR. WEEGAR: Can I suggest like a five-minute 11 biological break? 12 MR. MARTINEZ: Consider it done. ,13 (Off the record from 8:30 to 8:38.) 14 MR. MARTINEZ: The next item on the agenda, the last item on the agenda, again, Don reporting on site D-10 closure report. 17 MR. BUELTER: Thank you. This is one of our Zone 2 sites. We are -- this is actually a closure report 18 19 that we have been working on with inhouse resources. 20 not a -- the reports -- work was done by a contractor, but 21 we've been writing the report and we had hoped to have it 22 submitted to TCEQ -- it will be within the next week or so 23 we'll get it there and into the library. That's why it 24 wasn't on the list of documents that have been submitted 25 to the -- to the library.

And this is a site -- and I'll have a location map in just a second -- in the southern most part of the base, the very southern tip, about a third of an acre in size and there are a couple of little disposal areas that were identified in the earlier investigation and you can see the dimensions 180 by -- in length, 20 feet wide, about nine feet deep and then little smaller sites.

In the main area was the Area 1 in this tar-like acidic waste. The actual source is unknown. It's suspected -- and I'll show this on the map, not the location but the general area -- that this waste actually came from an abandoned oil and gas refinery south of the base. That this refinery sold the property, future landowner kind of took this material and deposited it in various ravines on his property. Unfortunately one of those little bits of property were on our very southern tip.

MR. SILVAS: Do you have any data or deed records that show that?

MR. BUELTER: It's -- the refinery is Humble Oil. I know the region -- Abbi stepped out. Region office at TCEQ has mounted information on this and actually the closure report will have that. I don't have the specifics right now, but it's kind of the history of why we think that.

And it matches very -- the other little waste pits, the region office of TCEQ, I don't know if -- I guess Humble Oil had paid to have those removed and the characteristic of TPH and metals and pH match almost identical to this. So it's very likely that it was the same material.

Down here is the Kelly Military. Our drive is right here. And right here, this very southern tip, the site D-10 little closer area here, here is Leon Creek. The area where some of these other wastes or this tarry waste was found was kind of down in this area here south of the facility.

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A little closer look at the two areas describe
Area 1. Area 2 was just really a little surface area.
Kind of an oil. Just some photos that were taken. This
is kind of what this material looks like. Again, it's
tar. It had kind of a crusty little bit on it.

You can kind of see it here, get a feel of —
this is in the ravine. You kind of see how the sides go
up. In the summertime, it's a little more fluid, you
wouldn't want to step on it. In the winter you could step
on it, but you probably shouldn't have. It was mainly
because of the pH.

Closer look, again, you have kind of this clay crust on it. And this tar material again going down to

about nine feet.

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Historically, the site was discovered in the mid to late '80s. The Air Force conducted some preliminary sampling just to kind of get an idea of what was here in this material. The main things that were found was the TPH, lead, zinc, copper, cadmium and the pH. It was acidic. It's actually -- pH is less than two. So it's a pretty acidic area that you really wouldn't want that to contact your skin.

The PCBs were really -- they're I believe below the actual clean-up standard that the state established when they did their risk reduction rule, but it's still identified as a chemical of concern.

Further investigation was conducted in '93 and '94.' More soil borings. We actually got out into the tarry material to take samples of this waste material to characterize it. Few more things that popped up. Little bit of pesticide. Again, probably general application.

Again, the main thing is the hydrocarbons. A few semi volatile organics. Again, lead and copper and cadmium. Really the -- and again, you carry these on as chemicals concerned.

The main things that drove the remediation here were pH, levels of the petroleum hydrocarbon in the lead. Some of the lead concentrations were two to 3,000 parts

per million which is really high. And the remedial

investigation feasibility study, this one combined report

was approved by the state, 1998. Summarized the extent of

the contamination and the alternatives were like

excavation with off-site disposal.

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We conducted the remedial invest -- or action to dig up this soil. The goal basically was to remove any soil and tar-like material that exceeded the Risk Reduction Standard 2 criteria for the state.

In total, we excavated 2300 cubic yards of material. 200 cubic yards of that material went out as hazardous waste. Primarily, the characteristic of hazardous waste, just they are within the RCRA regulations and disposal. Hazardous waste is either characteristic or listed or can be a characteristic or waste-like attributes.

And what drove this here were the pH being less than two made it a hazardous waste and then also some part of it was lead. That didn't meet the criteria that's set out. So 200 yards went out as hazardous waste. The rest — these are non-haz waste, kind of industrial waste through the State of Texas.

Class 1 is driven primarily by petroleum hydrocarbons and then we had some that were mainly metal which would have drove the rest. We -- we're excavating

this. We had a pretty good idea of where the main contamination was. It was kind of where those photos showed. You could see it on the surface.

So through our investigation we started by targeting the areas where we knew these things were above the Risk Reduction Standard 2 level. Then we went out and collected samples. And we still had some areas where lead and -- primarily lead and some other metals were above the standard 2 and petroleum hydrocarbons were above standard 2. So we dug those areas up and then we still found there are some areas that were above 4 petroleum hydrocarbons so we continued and we dug those out.

We did -- once we had the excavation done, we took a number of confirmation samples to make sure that we met criteria. Site was backfilled up with certified clean soil, soil brought in from off the installation that we get a certification from the landowner that it's clean. Site is regraded and we seeded the area.

This kind of shows the -- how we went about this. Our initial excavation was again for this yellow area and that was for all the COCs. Then we stepped out to take care of the petroleum hydrocarbon metal and in this last area we had to continue to reach the extent of the contamination for the petroleum hydrocarbon.

We got out into this area here. The hydrocarbons

weren't from surface down. They were like one foot seams of the acidic material that kind of made its way through. You couldn't see it from the surface, but as we were digging you could see it in the side of the trench so we

continued to do that.

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Just to show as we were going through the excavation, here is that material again. Getting ready to start. We had to go in to -- to be able to dig this material out, we had to remove the trees that were at the site before we could start. So, you know, showed the two guys walking down next to the site, you know, they're kind of walking along here and -- but all these trees were removed. You can kind of see the ravine that existed.

This black material here, some of that is petroleum hydrocarbon. We were digging. Again, you kind of can see where these little seams of petroleum hydrocarbon as we continue to dig out back through.

Even with all this material here, the groundwater at this site never really showed some of the initial samples. There are a couple of item or — I think Norma said, like TCE, some of those just very barely above clean-up standard. And after a couple of years of sampling, none of the samples in this area have detections anymore. So they're well below the protection standards.

So fortunately at this site, groundwater -- this

was such a heavy oil that it didn't really leech into the groundwater. And the metals were really tied into that oil material.

Conclusion of the report, basically we went in through our confirmation samples. We've removed all the soil that was detected above Risk Standard 2. This was disposed of in approved off-base landfills. So we meet the criteria for Risk Standard 2 closure.

We said we'll be submitting this report to the state in the next week or two weeks. They will look to see if we've met this criteria. If they agree with our conclusion and approve that, we will have to do a public notice basically describing what we did at the site to meet the -- the closure and then we'll do a deed recordation of that property for the closure.

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That's basically it. Any questions?

MR. MARTINEZ: Are there any questions or comments on Don's report on site D-10?

MR. SILVAS: What is the expected clean-up time on that site?

MR. BUELTER: It's done. We've removed the material there. The closure report is due to describe the -- the closure report describes the activity that we did in digging up the soil. Provides the confirmation soil data. Basically once we do the deed recordation of

- the last, we'll get a letter from the state saying that
- it's removed from the post closure activity.
- MR. SILVAS: So no natural attenuation or
- 4 anything?
- MR. GARCIA: You going to plant trees or
- 6 vegetation or something?
- MR. BUELTER: We reseeded the area. We didn't
- 9 put any trees in. The trees there are -- they'll work
- 9 their way back in. They're --
- MR. GARCIA: Hackberry?
- MR. BUELTER: Yeah. It's really a lot of
- scrub type vegetation in this area.
- MR. WEEGAR: Mark Weegar, TCEQ. I know in
- some previous briefings on this site that the Air Force
- had indicated that the source of this contamination was
- probably I think Humble Oil and Refinery which is now --
- years ago was bought out and is part of Exxon Mobil and
- 18 you guys were pursuing them through Department of Justice
- 19 for cost recovery.
- Is that -- is that an ongoing process, the cost
- 21 recovery and where does that stand? What kind of
- response, if any, have you had from Exxon about paying for
- this clean-up, reimbursing you for clean-up cost?
- MS. BROWN: That's something that JACE, which
- is the -- like the legal arm of the Air Force, is pursuing

Page 94 against Exxon Mobil. And it's just an going process. You know, part of it is difficult because, you know, when Humble Oil Refinery -- I think it ceased operation in the '50s and then subsequent landowners bought the property and then Humble Oil had sludge pits. A subsequent landowner excavated the sludge pit and dumped it in the ravine, which we didn't know at the time was Air Force property but turns out it was. So it's just an ongoing process of seeing who --10 who is the responsible party and getting the information. 11 MR. WEEGAR: So is the Department of Justice 12 pursuing Exxon and all previous landowners through the 13 CERCLA process or --14 MS. BROWN: The Air Force is pursuing Exxon 15 through CERCLA. We have that ability in the CERCLA --16 MR. WEEGAR: And it will be up to Exxon to sue 17 the past property owners? 18 MS. BROWN: Right. 19 MR. MARTINEZ: Are there any other questions 20 from the RAB on Don's last presentation? 21 Seeing none, I'd like to then ask for any kind of 22 public comment by anyone, member of the public, questions 23 on any of the items discussed this evening.

You had earlier raised your hand, but I didn't

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see it.

MR. GONZALEZ: I was going to ask about the wells, but I think they answered it. All of those wells were on base only?

MR. BUELTER: Yes. Oh, for the -- well, actually not. In the site S-8, there are some wells that extend out into the UPR property here. Site E-3 actually are a couple of wells that we sampled everything on there.

MR. GONZALEZ: Did you do what we call test wells beyond the --

MR. BUELTER: Yes.

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MR. GONZALEZ: They were all negative?

MR. BUELTER: Our January sampling is very limited. In the sampling that will be presented in our January report, we have test monitoring wells and we have monitoring wells out in the neighborhoods that we sample on a yearly basis. That's presented in our January report.

MR. GONZALEZ: Okay. So wells -- there's 300-something wells, that's going to be -- the quantity is going to be more then?

MR. BUELTER: Yes. Yeah. We sample approximately 450 wells between April and May. Or end of May and end of June to all throughout on base and then in all these areas that extend out into the area. That's how

these maps are developed.

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So in our January sampling, it's pretty much confined to 40 wells on base for the few that are in the railroad primarily. But in this last sampling window we completed end of June, we do hit the neighborhood areas.

MR. MARTINEZ: Does that answer your question? Anybody else in the audience have a question or comment? None?

MR. SILVAS: Yes, sir. I've got two things.

First, I'd like to ask Adam and the agency about the issues of the TAPP product -- TAPP project that I was working on. I haven't had the opportunity to complete it. Will they still allow me the opportunity to sit down with Nieto and complete that for the members or what is his decision on that?

MR. ANTWINE: Well, I think if we have an application that, you know, it can still be submitted.

MR. SILVAS: Right. But I had an appointment that I missed with Rey Nieto.

THE COURT REPORTER: Can you speak up?

MR. SILVAS: Yes. The appointment I had this morning was -- I was unable to make it and I'd like to sit down again and make an appointment with Nieto and the contractor to get those TAPP projects finalized.

MR. ANTWINE: Has Rodrigo or any of the other

- folks here seen those? Were you part of the group that put those together?
- MR. GARCIA: No. I was gone when that
- happened. I'd like to see them.
- MR. SILVAS: That was the list that we had the
- subject for '06 year, everything they were going to have
- approved or finished, the TCEQ, so we brought them to
- before the RAB and you-all finally voted to approve them
- 9 and pushed them through for the TAPP project. I just have
- to sit down with Nieto and get them finalized and that's
- 11 basically it.
- I was asking since now my status has changed, I
- need to know if I can still sit down with him and the
- 14 (inaudible).
- MR. ANTWINE: And I think we can still look at
- the applications.
- MR. SILVAS: So I can push through those to
- you once they're finalized. I mean there's still other
- projects probably you're going to need to consider.
- Secondly, this is for the lady there. Could you
- state your name?
- MS. BROWN: Leslie Brown.
- MR. SILVAS: Leslie Brown. I had passed some
- documents to Adam at our last executive meeting. I was
- 25 hoping he was kind enough to pass them to you. They were

Page 98 from the Dallas CID people and it was faxed to me on the 9/-14-06 date regarding the Department of Justice prosecution of the case number 9038 BMI. Were you -MS. BROWN: I haven't seen them. MR. SILVAS: You should see that. That has to do with the EPA allowing the surplus herbicide Agent Orange to be sold. They were convicted in the State of Louisiana in federal court and I think you should study that before the debating goes on. 10 MS. BROWN: Okay. I'll look at it. 11 MR. SILVAS: Okay. 12 MR. MARTINEZ: Any other questions or 13 comments? Yes, sir. 14 MR. GARCIA: Adam and Sonja, we need to -- I 15 need to talk to you about the -- before the next meeting 16 about what we discussed previously about getting in 17. contact with churches and getting in contact with the 18 planning department and getting the planning director Juan 19 Cervalles to send you a list of all the neighborhood 20 associations and then for you to research and find out 21 which ones are in the affected area and then send those 22 associations letters of interest stating and send them some application for RAB members and alternate and have 24 you start networking for the affected area community, the

churches and the neighborhood associations.

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That's going to be your next best bet to go through those two avenues of start bringing in community participation.

MS. CODERRE: And we --

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MR. GARCIA: And I'm not going to give you all that work. As soon I have some time, I'm going to come help you and we'll decide how we're going to write the letters and put the applications in there. As soon as I am — I'm going to call you when I have a day off so we can sit down and start networking over the next week or two so we can start sending out application and start networking with the community.

And I want to help you with that as soon as I get some time off and we need to start doing that. We need to get Adam involved because I believe we need to give Adam more work.

MS. CODERRE: And we do frequently make contact with the neighborhood associations. And now that we're -- the rules tells us to use the selection panel, we had planned on making sure that we did specifically solicit them.

One place we haven't gone frequently is churches. And again, when we get ideas from this body, we consider them and use them as we can so that's another step that we'll be needing to take. And we welcome your

input, Mr. Garcia. Thank you.

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MR. GARCIA: We need to get Adam so he goes to one of these neighborhood stores, get a copy of the West Side Sol, S-O-L, and on there they have a directory of all the churches on the west side so you need to use that because we need to start -- like I told you in the last RAB meeting, start networking in the community through churches, community groups such as homeowner associations and community associations that we need to get the list from (inaudible) Montevalles, the director and get started on that.

When I have some time I'll come and talk to you about that. We need to start getting that and possibly give Adam some more work.

MR: MARTINEZ: Wonderful suggestion. Thank you very much. Any comment from staff?

MS. CODERRE: I just want to point out that next meeting is scheduled for the 9th of January, 2007. And so it's scheduled for this location here.

MR. PEREZ: Say, I got something else in connection with this. Can we get a yearly schedule like we used to so I can plan things out? I take school weekends and things and --

MS. CODERRE: We'll take that into consideration doing that again. Okay?

MR. MARTINEZ: Mr. Silvas, are you stretching

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MR. SILVAS: No. I'd just like to thank the community for showing up, especially the representative from the Gonzalez office. I thank Mr. Garcia.

MR. GARCIA: One final comment. We need to consider having this is in a -- in one of the neighborhood schools, somewhere so we can possibly draw in more residence because this is isolated out here on the base. And we only have a cemetery here, a railroad yard there, a bunch of overpasses over there. And, you know, we need to kind of put some of those meetings out in the community.

We need to contact Romeo Nava, the president of the school

board. I'll be glad to give it to you. Talk to Mr. Richard Molina about going back to the community and possibly publicizing the RAB meeting at the school and possibly publicize it, send notice of RAB meetings with the little kids or with the community at the school and

plan to bring in parents and tell them we're having (inaudible) walk them home. We'll be here.

MS. CODERRE: Thank you.

MR. MARTINEZ: Thank you very much. I sense that there are no more comments. Questions? Therefore, thank you very much for attending. See you on the next RAB meeting.

Page 102 COURT REPORTER CERTIFICATE THE STATE OF TEXAS) COUNTY OF BEXAR) I, GINA K. MAY, a Certified Shorthand Reporter in and for the State of Texas, do hereby certify that this transcript is as true and correct a record as possible, transcribed by me through computer-aided transcription. I further certify that I am neither 10 counsel for, related to, nor employed by any of the 11 parties in the action in which this proceeding was taken, and further that I am not financially or otherwise 13 interested in the outcome of the action. 14 WITNESS MY HAND, this the 15 day of , A.D. 2006. 16 17 18 GINA K. MAY, Texas CSR 5273 Expiration Date: 12/31/06 19 FEDERAL COURT REPORTERS Firm Registration No. 79 20 10100 Reunion Place, Suite 660 San Antonio, Texas 78216 21 (210) 340-6464 Fax (210) 341-5533 22 23 24 25

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